### **LIC Officers Examination**

Held on November 20,2005

Qs. 1-5. Which of the phrases (1) (2), (3) and (4) given below should replace the phrase given in bold in the following sentence to make the sentence grammatically meaningful and correct. If the sentence is correct as it is and no correction is required, mark (5) as the answer.

sente	nce is coi	rrect as it is and no correction is	s require	d, mark (5) as the answer.						
1.	Had v	vou been shown vour driving lice	ence, the h	numiliating event would not have taken place,						
	(a)	If you had been shown	(b)	Had you showed						
	(c)	Had you been showing	(d)	Had you shown						
	(e)	No correction required	()							
2.	Don't	t enter the garden unless the pern	nission of	the competent authority.						
	(a)	with the permission	(b)	unless obtain permission						
	(c)	unless the permit	(d)	without the permission						
	(e)	No correction required								
3.	Admi wome		y is almo	st impossible, as the seats are reserved only for						
	(a)	in any college of	(b)	of any college into						
	(c)	for a college of	(d)	with any college in						
	(e)	No correction required								
4.	The w	vounded soldiers didn't give of a	<b>fight</b> till t							
	(a)	had not given of a fight	(b)	didn't give of a fighting						
	(c)	had not been given of fight	(d)	didn't give up a fight						
	(e)	No correction required								
5.	Why	you are so elated is not known.								
	(a)	was not know	(b)	is not knowing						
	(c)	was not knowing	(d)	is not knowledgeable						
	(e)	No correction required								
				B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence						
to for	m a mea	ningful paragraph; then answe	r the que	stions given below them.						
	(A)	E-mail is a convenient way to								
	(B)	Today instantaneous commun								
	(C)			is not as easy to create and send nor is it possible						
				mber of people in different places in the world.						
	(D)									
		only one form of communication.								
	(E)	Communication has been an important aspect all through the ages.								
	(F)	The other forms of still faster	and easier	r communication are being explored.						
6.		h of the following should be the <b>F</b>								
	(a)	A	(b)	В						
	(c)	C	(d)	D						
	(e)	Е								
7.		h of the following should be the <b>F</b>		•						
	(a)	A	(b)	В						
	(c)	C	(d)	D						
	(e)	E								

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8.	Whicl	n of the following should be	e the <b>FIRST</b> ser	ntence after rearrangement?						
	(a)	Α	(b)	В						
	(c)	C	(d)	D						
	(e)	E	( )							
9.	Which of the following should be the <b>THIRD</b> sentence after rearrangement?									
	(a)	A	(b)	В						
	(c)	C	(d)	D						
	(e)	E	, ,							
10.	Which	n of the following should be	e the <b>SECOND</b>	sentence after rearrangement?						
	(a)	A	(b)	В						
	(c)	C	(d)	D						
	(e)	E								
most	appropr	riately conveys the mean	ing of the sta	t sentences given below it. Pick out the tement. The number of that sentence atement, the answer is (5) i.e. 'None'.						
11.		Although it is too late, I shall come.								
	(a)	I shall come if it is too la								
	(b)	I shall not be able to con		e.						
	(c)	Even though I come, it v								
	(d)	Whether or not it is too	late, I shall com	ie.						
	(e)	None								
12.		eader remarked that not all t								
	(a)									
	(b)	The leader remarked that								
	(c)			shed cannot be necessarily innocent.						
	(d)	The leader remarked that all those who are punished may include really innocent.								
	(e)	None.								
13.	Unlike the labourers who are hardworking, the white-collar employees cannot withstand physica strain.									
			a ta withstand m	shrisiaal atmain as the riskite collan ampley	aaa da					
	(a) (b)	The labourers do not like to withstand physical strain as the white-collar employees do  The white-collar employees are hardworking but they do not like to undertake physical  strain								
	(c)	The labourers can withstand physical strain whereas white-collar employees cannot								
	(d)	Because the labourers are hardworking they can tolerate physical strain								
	(e)	None	<i>y</i>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
14.	Shoul	d you need an entry pass, y	ou must submit	an application for the same.						
	(a)			n, you will not get an entry pass.						
	(b)	You should require an entry pass in order to submit an application.								
	(c)	If you submit an applica								
	(d)	If you submit an applica								
	(e)	None		The same of the sa						
15.	The N	Manager would like vou to h	nelp him locate t	the fault.						
	(a)	The Manager would like you to help him locate the fault.  (a) If you help him locate the default, the Manager would like you.								
	(b)			provide him the necessary assistance to 1	ocate the					
	(5)	fault.	jou snould p	min and necessary assistance to i	- care and					
	(c)		if you do not he	lp him the fault will not be located.						
	(d)			nould be located only with your help.						
	(e)	None Namager expects the	are cornain si	ionia do locatea om, with your noip.						
	(0)	1,0110								

# Qs. 16-25. Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (5). (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any).

- When the police started (1) to follow his speeding car (2) he brake the signal (3) and drove away. (4) No error. (5)
- 17. We have not only helped them (1) with money but also (2) with the support of (3) well trained and experienced workers. (4) No error. (5)
- 18. What people think (1) about religious matters(2) assumes importance (3) for a great extent.(4) No error. (5)
- 19. No sooner did (1) the ship touched the shore(2) than a friend of miner(3) leaped into the water.(4) No error.(5)
- 20. You can imaging how(1) annoyed I was(2) when I learnt that(3) the match has been postponed.(4) No error.(5)
- 21. What you(1) said is(2) impertinenting to(3) the occasion.(4) No error.(5)
- When he hears that news,(1) he was almost(2) in tears and(3) could not utter a word.(4) No error.(5)
- 23. Since she has(1) been hospitalized,(2) we must wait till(3) she is recovering.(4) No error.(5)
- 24. Yogesh knew the(1) value of obedient too well(2) not to anticipate some(3) censure of his act.(4) No error.(5)
- 25. We all are aware(1) that Heramb certainly is(2) one of those who is(3) interested in all kinds of sports.(4) No error.(5)

# Qs. 26-30. Pick out the most effective word from the given words to fill in the blanks to make the sentence meaningfully complete.

26.	We re	equest you to come and enjoy the_	clim	nate of our small coastal village.				
	(a)	salubrious	(b)	memorable				
	(c)	changing	(d)	promising				
	(e)	astonishing						
27.	Pollution, excessive population, poverty and unemployment are theproblems of our country.							
	(a)	proclaimed	(b)	situational				
	(c)	absorbing	(d)	perpetual				
	(e)	expressed		• •				
28.	I have always admired hisexpertise and humility.							
	(a)	highest	(b)	tallest				
	(c)	declared	(d)	latent				
	(e)	profound						
29.	We ha	ave enoughto oppose the unju	st law.					
	(a)	promise	(b)	superiority				
	(c)	pluck	(d)	honesty				
	(e)	mandate						
30.	Today	y, as citizens of free India, we	both our	democracy and our secularism.				
	(a)	postulate	(b)	cherish				
	(c)	establish	(d)	achieve				
	(e)	declare						

Qs. 31-35. In each of the following questions six words are given which are denoted by (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F). By using all the six words, each only once, you have to frame a meaningful and grammatically correct sentence. The correct order of words is answer. Choose from the five alternatives the one having the correct order of words and mark the number of that alternative as your answer.

31.	(A)	Society	(B)	Followed
	(C)	Must	(D)	Of
	(E)	Be	(F)	Norms
	(a) (c) (e)	FDACEB AFDECB FDCAEB	(b) (d)	FDABCE BCEDAF
32.	(A)	Mould	(B)	The
	(C)	Can	(D)	Opinion
	(E)	Public	(F)	Press
	(a) (c) (e)	EDBFCA BEDFCA BFCEAD	(b) (d)	BFCAED FACBED
33.	(A)	Crucial	(B)	Ahead
	(C)	Democracy	(D)	Are
	(E)	Days	(F)	For
	(a) (c) (e)	EBDFCA CEDAFB AEFCDB	(b) (d)	EDABFC EBDAFC
34.	(A)	Being	(B)	Houses
	(C)	Here	(D)	Demolished
	(E)	Are	(F)	Dilapidated
	(a) (c) (e)	CFHAED FBEADC BCEDAF	(b) (d)	BAFEDC AFBEDC
35.	(A)	Originate	(B)	Expertise
	(C)	From	(D)	Power
	(E)	Individual's	(F)	Should
	(a) (c) (e)	EDFABC BFACED DFACEB	(b) (d)	FEADCB EBFACD

Qs.. 36-40. In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

Conventionalism (36) ignorance, superstitions and narrowness of outlook, it (37) against the principle of evolution. It is positively harmful. It kills originality and (38) mental growth. Society begins to stagnate under its (39). A society which does not modify with the changing times is (40) for ever.

36. (a) raises (b) breeds (c) provides (d) evolves (e) forwards

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(a)	appeals	(b)	attacks
(c)	directs	(d)	argues
(e)	millitates		
(a)	demoralizes	(b)	relegates
(c)	neutralizes	(d)	shortens
(e)	dangers		
(a)	Mandate	(b)	Projection
(c)	contribution	(d)	sway
(e)	dangers		
(a)	doomed	(b)	devalued
(c)	dampened	(d)	depleted
(e)	discouraged		-
	(c) (e) (a) (c) (e) (a) (c) (e) (a) (c) (c)	(c) directs (e) millitates  (a) demoralizes (c) neutralizes (e) dangers  (a) Mandate (c) contribution (e) dangers  (a) doomed (c) dampened	(c) directs (e) millitates  (a) demoralizes (b) (c) neutralizes (d) (e) dangers  (a) Mandate (b) (c) contribution (d) (e) dangers  (a) doomed (b) dampened (c) dampened (d)

#### Qs. 41-50. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ expressions are given in bold in the passage to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Man who is believed to have evolved from apes, is a curious mixture of varied motives. He is not only the subject of needs but is also their creator. He not only seeks to satisfy his needs but also caters to his desire for beauty and grace. He is eager to satisfy his passion for more and more knowledge. Although in a general way, the maxim necessity is the mother of invention' is true, it is by no means the whole truth. Man is something much greater than an intelligent being using his intellect to make newer inventions from time to time. He has within him a spirit which is ever exhorting him to cut down his needs and learn to be happy with what he has. The real purpose underlying this maxim lies in its utility in the worldly sense. It tells us to be up and doing, not to be passive in our attitude to life. It asks us not to remain salves of old habits and ways of life. We must face the new situations with a creative mind. Every new difficulty, every new problem, which confronts us in life can be tackled successfully with the spirit of inventiveness.

- 41. Which of the following is **NOT** the whole truth, according to the passage?
  - (a) Man has a desire for beauty and grace
  - (b) Necessity is the mother of invention
  - Man desires to cut down his needs and wants (c)
  - Man learns to be happy with what he has (d)
  - We should not be passive is our attitude to life (e)
- 42. What does the maxim mentioned in the passage teaches us?
  - To be worldly in the strict sense of the term
  - To be slave of our needs and wants (b)

  - To endeavour constantly to create new passions and desires (c)
  - To be active in life and do something to help mankind (d)
  - To be positive in life and get involved in our work (e)
- 43. What does the spirit within man tells him to do?
  - To be a mixture of varied motives (a)
  - (b) To evaluate the situation intelligently
  - (c) To cut down his desires and passions
  - To acquire more and more wealth and comforts (d)
  - To be philanthropic and Samaritan (e)
- 44. Which of the following statement/s is/are **true** in the context of the passage?
  - Man should be passive in his attitude to life. (A)
  - (B) Spirit of invectiveness may not stand in good stead in solving every new problem.
  - (C) Man has a passion for more and more knowledge.

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48.	passa; (a) (c) (e)		es	15 11205	(b) (d)	) ;	avoids approaches		nu seek	3 43 430	i iii tiic
	Chao	se the wo	rd which	is MOS	г орроѕ	ITE in	meaning	of the wo	ord 'seek	<b>c</b> , ac 1166	d in the
47.	Which (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Spirit o Man is Man c Man sl	of inventions the subjective reates never the hould not	veness wi ct of vari v needs be remain sa	ll stand ma ous wants ecause they llve of old	n in go are so habits	s per the pa ood stead metimes go kout for ne	ood or bea		unts	
46.	Which (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Man h Man ca Man se Man d	as many reates man eeks to san esires to h	needs and my needs t tisfy his n nave more	motives for himself eeds	comfo	man, as pertreaments and more vieldge	_	sage?		
45.	Which (a) (c) (e)	h of the fo princip value justific	ole	s similar	in meaning (bj (dj	) (	rd <b>'maxim</b> ' direction observation		in the pas	ssage?	
	(a) (c) (e)	Only A Only C All A,			(b) (d)		Only A and Only B and				

32.

33.

34.

35.

36.

(b)

(e)

(c)

(e)

(b)

41.

42.

43.

44.

45.

(b)

(a)

(c)

(c)

(d)

50.

(d)

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

(d)

(e)

(c)

(e)

(d)

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

(e)

(d)

(c)

(e)

(a)

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

(d)

(b)

(c)

(a)

(d)